THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1769. THE NUMBER 178.

# VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

Open to ALL PARTIES, but influenced by NONE.

SEPTEMBER 24, 1769.

## *Mr.* RIND,

*The diſtance I live from the preſs, and the uncertainty of the poſt, prevented my ſooner ſeeing the angry letter in your paper of the 31ſt ult. That the Gentleman, however, may not have the mortification of thinking himſelf entirely unnoticed, you will pleaſe to give the following a place in your Gazette, as ſoon as convenient, and you will oblige*

A CUSTOMER.

## *To* PEREGRINUS.

SIR,

IT was really obliging in you to inform the public, that you undertook the publication of your remarks, under the guidance of prudence; elſe, poſſibly, readers, leſs diſcerning than yourſelf (and many ſuch, I gueſs, there be) might have overlook'd ſo eſſential a circumſtance.—Remarks ſhall I call them?—On what? Not on any thing I have ſaid; for there was hardly a paragraph in the paper, which would not have afforded you as apt an occaſion of introducing a defence of the Clergy, as that you pitch'd upon. The writer of which will not pay the Clergy of Virginia ſo ill a compliment, as to ſuppoſe any explanation or apology neceſſary to them. To you, however, it ſeems, it is not unneceſſary. But, how ſhall I excuſe myſelf? By telling you, as I honeſtly may, that I neither meant, nor have ſaid any thing that can be fairly interpreted to be an *inſult* either on any individual of the order, or *on the whole body of the Clergy*, at large. Will this ſatisfy you, or will you ſtill inſiſt, that *more was meant than met the eye?* In this your rage for finding out hidden meanings, I cannot but be thankful you did not take it into your head that I was a Jeſuit, a libertine, or an infidel: You had example on your ſide; for I remember a famous controverſial writer, in the church of Rome, charged an eminent reformer with being a Mahometan.

The deceaſed Divine was my intimate friend—a friend, Mr. Peregrinus, to whoſe excellent example I greatly owe it, that I am able to bear even your ſplenetic petulance with patience; and whoſe memory will be dear to me, till I too ſhall be, as he now is. In the overflowings of an affectionate heart, I publiſhed a faint tranſcript of his character, drawn up, indeed, with but little ſkill, but with the ſtricteſt regard to truth. *This is the height and ſum of my offending.*

With all the imperfections of humanity in one's view, there is no miſanthropy in aſſerting, ſo good a *man*, as Mr. Maury was, was a *rara avis in terris*; and, conſidering the numerous difficulties attending the execution of ſo important an office, of which every conſcientious Clergyman is painfully ſenſible, there is neither *ſting* nor *venom*, had I even ſaid, as I have not, that ſo good a *Clergyman is* ſtill more ſo. I appeal to the Clergy—I appeal to every man, of but common ſenſe, and common candour, who may have read the obnoxious paragraph, if any other than a jaundic'd eye could have ſeen either *impertinence* or impropriety, in cloſing ſo amiable a character, with an addreſs to his brethren, of *go, and do ye likewiſe*. How then could you ſo maliciouſly torture a well-meant effuſion of friendſhip, to draw from it an inference as abſurd, as it is malignant, as invidious in the man, as it is contemptible in the critic? Was it that you felt yourſelf hurt by contraſting your own character with that of my deceaſed friend? Believe me, it would ſeem ſo.

On an occaſion like this, it was indelicate and illiberal in you to cavil at all: But your ſneer at the ſuppoſed obſcurity of the deceaſed, is, peculiarly, ungenerous. He was as generally known, and by men too, whom it is an honour to be known to, as moſt men of his order: I will add too, what, perhaps, *you* may deem a *ſling*, that he was not more generally known, than he was eſteemed and admired.—How certain gentry, of your acquaintance, whom yet you quaintly call *Gentlemen of ſenſe and dignity*, can yet act ſo inconſiſtently, as you ſay they do, I leave it for logic like yours to prove. As a *foreigner*, however, were it not that you had pretty plainly told me, that you are above being adviſed by me, I would hint to you, that it would not be beneath you to be ſomewhat more certain as to the authenticity of your facts, ere you venture, with ſuch a ſpirit of modeſty and indeciſion, again to pronounce on the character of a whole colony. The ſlander aimed at me affects but an individual: This concerns a multitude, and, if unjuſt, will, probably, be thought as *inſolent* as the imaginary offence I have been arraigned for. And there are, I believe, in Virginia, many, who are not natives, who are of opinion that there are few countries where juſter diſtinctions are made of characters; or where deſerving Clergymen meet with more reſpect; of which one happy effect is, that there are, as you ſay, ſo *many amiable and exemplary paſtors in the pource of Virginia*.

An officious ill-judging friend is frequently more troubleſome, and more hurtful too, than an avowed enemy. Thus, Sir, your prepoſterous zeal, and paltry vindication of a reſpectable order, unprovoked, and unattacked, is more truly an *inſult* than any thing I have either ſaid or meant, even had I ſaid or meant all you peeviſhly imagined I did. I am amazed at your indiſcretion. Was there no other way you could have found for the exerciſe of your puiſſant pen, but this unneceſſary parade of a zeal for the Clergy; on whom, you ſhould have foreſeen, it was the readieſt way you could have taken to bring contempt; by inſpiring a belief that their guardians, conſcious of their weakneſs, ſhudder at the moſt diſtant proſpect of danger?

Yet, you have ſaid, let it be confeſſed, ſome handſome things in their behalf—undoubtedly, never ſo well ſaid before. I only lament you ſhould have been combating a phantom, and that ſo much good ſtuff ſhould have been ſo needleſsly thrown away. When the Clergy ſhall be formally attacked, as I truſt they never will, then drawcanſir like, ſtep forth their champion. At preſent, if I miſtake not, they will join me in whiſpering in your ear, *non tali auxilio, nec iſtis defenſoribus egent.*

I am, &c.

## *Mr.* RIND,

THE *following piece, with the letter and queries annexed, are taken from an* Engliſh *paper, of the 3d of* Auguſt; *and whether they may leſſen the* prejudice *of* Americanus *againſt the Lord Mayor, and the Livery of* London, *or not, they may ſhew him that the* noble Lord Holland *has not yet exculpated himſelf from the charge againſt him; nor will he be held innocent till he has given ſatisfactory anſwers to theſe queries.*

WHEN the auditing the Paymaſter's accounts was judged a reaſonable circumſtance to be mentioned in an auguſt Aſſembly, on a paſt occaſion, a noble Lord, who has of late been much the ſubject of public converſation, was pleaſed to lament the delay of auditing, of which he declared himſelf moſt ſolicitous. He obſerved that the nature and extenſion of his engagements were ſuch as rendered the preparation of his accounts the work of years, and he begged that it might be remembered, that even at a time when our connections were limited, it was only by ſlow degrees ſuch a work was capable of accompliſhment; that at former periods, Europe alone was the object of attention, but it was to the four corners of the world, that his care is now branched out, nevertheleſs, it was not his fault, but the Auditor's, that the day of ſettling had not arrived; it was for him to be ready, and ready he had been, and did then declare himſelf, conſequently it reſted wholly in the Auditor to give him and his country the deſired ſatisfaction. The reſult of this harangue was, that Mr. A——e, the Auditor, who was then preſent, inſtantly roſe up in his own vindication. He began with proteſting his aſtoniſhment at what he had heard: "CAN it be poſſible (ſaid he, or words to ſuch effect) for Mr. P—— to ſpeak a language ſo utterly incompatible with facts, and ſo open to detection? Does not he recollect that I am preſent, and have no terms to keep with him? The Auditorſhip is beyond his regulation, it is a patent place, and though the ſalary does not amount to more than a few pounds a year, it has nevertheleſs ſome very eligible emoluments; the emoluments of the Auditorſhip are not unknown to the Right Honourable Gentleman. Sixpence upon every pound of the ſums I audit are mine. To the good ſenſe of this Houſe I therefore appeal: He has confeſſed that many millions are yet unaccounted for; ſhould I die before theſe accounts are paſſed, my perquiſites die with me; and who will believe that perhaps forty millions of ſixpences can be an undeſirable acquiſition for my family? I am ſorry to be compelled to fight againſt any man with ſuch keen weapons; facts cut deep; but where facts are ſo daringly challenged, compaſſion would ceaſe to be a virtue—nor can it be concealed that it was Mr. P—'s intereſt to avoid, what it was my intereſt to bring to an iſſue. The fatigues of the Paymaſter are *very conſiderable*, his ſalary *very trifling*; 4000l. a year are the *whole* of his ſtipend, if we except the 100,000l. allowed at all times by the wiſdom of government to remain in his hands, as a neceſſary appendix to his employment, the produce of which, on the moſt ſimple and legal plan, is an additional 3000l. annually. From this juſt ſtate of the caſe, which will the judicious part of mankind be inclined to blame, the Auditor, or the Paymaſter? Will they ſuppoſe the Auditor *indolent* out of *compliment* to the Paymaſter, or the Paymaſter remiſs from the apprehenſion of being *troubleſome* to the Auditor? The tale tells ill. Mr. P—— frequently complains of the difficulty, the length of time requiſite to obtain proper teſtimony of his diſburſements; but whence this difficulty? Might not his deputies be multiplied in proportion to the neceſſity? Might not a due balance be ſtruck at the coming of every period, and ſuch perſpicuity obſerved, as would obviate all impediments. Government is too conſiderate to lay the labouring oar on his ſhoulders, but if he denies himſelf, for wiſe purpoſes, the aſſiſtance it generouſly grants him, he ſhould, at leaſt, be *politically* ſilent."

*To the Right Honourable Lord* HOLLAND.

MY LORD,

YOUR Lordſhip's kind publication of the paper, which Mr. Woodhouſe delivered to Mr. Beckford, has thrown ſome light on the queſtion, whether your Lordſhip is *the public defaulter* intended by the Livery: But unhappily for your Lordſhip, neither the public, nor Mr. Beckford, are convinced of your *innocence*. For the preſent I will ſuppoſe that the paper you have publiſhed, is an *authentic* copy of that which Mr. Beckford received; and under that ſuppoſition preſume to aſk your Lordſhip a few queſtions.

Queſt. 1. You admit you was appointed Paymaſter in 1757, and that till 1768 you had not delivered *any part* of your account. Was it not reaſonable, after ten years, to compel you to begin to account? And yet you obtained a ſign manual to ſtay the courſe of public juſtice; and this at a time when you will not deny that you had received more than forty millions of the public money.

2. Doth your paper ſtate or account for how much money you had received, or even mention the balance of any one year's account? How then could Mr. Beckford know that the charge of your being a public defaulter was falſe; or will you ſay that you paid back to the treaſury the balances which the accounts you have produced to be audited admit to be in your hands?

3. Have you given Mr. Beckford, or the public, any account capable of examination, or will you pretend that the 910,541l. 18s. 3d. of which you ſay Parliament has, from time to time, availed itſelf, and part of which you detained till 1768, is the full balance of the accounts you have delivered to be audited?

4. You obtained the ſign manual on a ſuggeſtion that your laſt account was not compleated—was that a good reaſon why your firſt account ought not to have been begun? And ought not you, from time to time, to have been compelled immediately to pay back what your account admitted to be due?

5. Has not the Exchequer proceſs been ſtayed by more mandates than you have publiſhed; and is a ſuppreſſion of truth a proof of innocence?

6. Can you declare, *upon your honour*, that you are not, at this time, poſſeſſed of balances to a very great amount? This is a ſatisfaction which your Lordſhip can immediately give; and if you do not, your Lordſhip muſt, for the preſent, content yourſelf with being thought *the public defaulter*.

7. Has your Lordſhip kept your promiſe, made when his Majeſty granted you the firſt ſtop to the proceſs of the law? And have you laid before the Auditors your accounts as faſt as it was poſſible to make them up? And if you have not, are you not more to blame than a public defaulter?

8. Have not the public a right to complain, if they have juſt reaſon to believe that they are paying to your Lordſhip intereſt for their own money?

When your Lordſhip has fully anſwered theſe queries, the public will be better able to judge; at preſent they are of opinion, that it was not poſſible for ſo ſenſible a man as Mr. Beckford to be *convinced* by ſo evaſive a paper as that which you have publiſhed.

I am, my Lord, your's,

A LIVERYMAN.

## BOSTON, *Auguſt* 28.

We are informed, that Mr. Iſaac Doolittle, clock and watch-maker, of New-Haven, has lately compleated a Mahogany printing preſs on the moſt approved conſtruction, which, by ſome good judges in the printing way, is allowed to be the neateſt ever made in America, and equal, if not ſuperior, to any imported from Great-Britain. This preſs, we are told, is for Mr. William Goddard, of Philadelphia, Printer of the Pennſylvania Chronicle.

We are aſſured, by a Gentleman from the weſtward, that Mr. Abel Buell, of Killingſworth, in Connecticut, jeweller and lapidary, has lately, by his own genius, made himſelf maſter of the art of founding types for printing.

Printing types are alſo made by Mr. Mitchelſon, of this town, equal to any imported from Great-Britain; and might, by proper encouragement, ſoon be able to furniſh all the printers in America at the ſame price they are ſold in England.

We hear from London, that the price of rags has fallen, within the laſt week, twenty per cent. owing, it is ſaid, to the great decreaſe in the exportation of paper, by the reſolutions of America.

## BOSTON, *September* 4.

*The House of Representatives of Massachusetts-Bay in the last session of the General Assembly,* UNANIMOUSLY *resolved on a dutiful and loyal petition to the* KING, *for the removal of* Sir. Francis Bernard *from the government of the province. There were* 109 *members when the House came into this resolution. The petition was afterwards signed by the Speaker, by order of the House, and transmitted to Great-Britain, to be presented to his Majesty, of which the following is a copy.*

TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and faithful subjects, the Representatives of your ancient and loyal colony of the Massachusetts-Bay, impressed with the deepest gratitude to Almighty GOD, for calling to the British succession your illustrious family, and so firmly establishing your Majesty on the throne of your Royal progenitors; and being abundantly convinced of your Majesty's grace and clemency, most humbly implore the Royal favour, while we briefly represent our grievances which your Majesty alone, under GOD, can redress.

We are constrained, in duty to your Majesty, and in faithfulness to our constituents, to lay before your Majesty our complaints of his Excellency Sir Francis Bernard, Baronet, your Majesty's Governor of this colony, whose whole administration appears to have been repugnant not only to your Majesty's service, and the welfare of your subjects in this colony, but even to the first principles of the British constitution.

From his first arrival here, he has, in his speeches and other public acts, treated the Representative Body with contempt.

He has, in his public speeches, charged both Houses of the General Assembly, expressly, with opposnation against the Royal authority, declaring that they had left Gentlemen out of the Council, only for their fidelity to the Crown.

He has, from time to time, indiscreetly and wantonly exercised the prerogative of the Crown, in the repeated negative of Counsellors of an unblemished reputation, and duly elected by a great majority, some of them by the unanimous suffrage of both Houses of Assembly.

He has declared, that certain seats at the Council Board shall be kept vacant, till certain Gentlemen, who are his favourites, shall be re-elected.

He has unconstitutionally interfered with and unduly influenced elections, particularly in the choice of an Agent for the colony.

He has very abruptly displaced divers Gentlemen of worth, for no apparent reason but because they voted in the General Assembly with freedom, and against his measures.

He has, in an unwarrantable manner, taken upon himself the exercise of your Majesty's Royal prerogative, in granting a charter for a college, contrary to an express vote of the House of Representatives, and without even asking the advice of your Majesty's Council.

He has practised the sending over depositions to the Ministry, privately taken, against Gentlemen of character here, without giving the persons accused the least notice of his purposes and proceedings.

He has very injuriously represented your Majesty's loving subjects of this colony in general, as having an ill temper prevailing among them, as disaffected to your Majesty's government, and intending to bring the authority of Parliament into contempt; and by such false representations he has been greatly instrumental, as this House humbly conceive, in exciting jealousies, and disturbing that harmony and mutual affection which before happily subsisted, and we pray GOD may again subsist between your Majesty's subjects in Great Britain and America.

He has, in his letters to one of your Majesty's Ministers, unjustly charged the majority of your Majesty's faithful Council in the colony with having avowed the principles of opposition to the authority of Parliament, and acted in concert with a party from whence such opposition originated.

He has also, in a letter to another of your Majesty's Ministers, falsly declared that a plan was laid, and a number of men actually enrolled, in the town of Boston, to seize your Majesty's Castle William, in the harbour of the same, out of your Majesty's hands.

Such representations of the state and circumstances of this colony, from a Gentleman of the highest trust in it, will of necessity be received with full credit, till they are made to appear false; and in consequence thereof, your Majesty's true and loyal subjects have suffered the reproach, as well as other hardships, of having a military force stationed here, to support your Majesty's authority, and the execution of the laws, which measure has been approved of by your Majesty's two Houses of Parliament, as appears in their resolutions that the town of Boston had been in a state of disorder and confusion, and that the circumstances of the colony were such as required a military force for the purposes above-mentioned.

Having been a principal instrument, as we apprehend, in procuring this military force, your Majesty's said Governor, in an unprecedented manner, and as tho' he had designed to irritate to the highest degree, ordered the very room which is appropriated for the meeting of the Representatives of the General Assembly, and was never used for any other purpose, and where their records are kept, to be employed as a barrack for the common soldiers; and the sentinels were so posted as that your Majesty's Council, and the Justices of the courts of common law, were daily interrupted, and even challenged in their proceedings to the business of their several departments.

He endeavoured, contrary to the express design of an act of Parliament, to quarter your Majesty's troops in the body of the town of Boston, while the barracks provided by the government at the castle, within the town, remained useless; and for purposes manifestly evasive of the said act, he unwarrantably appointed an officer to provide quarters for the troops, otherwise than is therein prescribed.

After having dissolved the General Assembly at a most critical season, and while they were employed in the most necessary and important business of the colony, he arbitrarily refused to call another for the space of ten months, and until the time appointed in the Royal charter for the calling a General Assembly, against the repeated dutiful petitions of the people.

It appears by his letters to the Earl of Hillsborough, your Majesty's Secretary of State, that he has endeavoured to overthrow the present constitution of government in this colony, and to have the people deprived of their invaluable charter rights, which they and their ancestors have happily enjoyed under your Majesty's administration, and those of your Royal predecessors.

By the means aforesaid, and many others that might be enumerated, he has rendered his administration odious to the whole body of the people, and has entirely alienated their affections from him, and thereby wholly destroyed that confidence in a Governor, which your Majesty's service indispensably requires.

Wherefore we most humbly intreat your Majesty, that his Excellency Sir Francis Bernard, Baronet, may be *for ever* removed from the government of this province, and that your Majesty would be graciously pleased to place one in his stead, worthy to serve the greatest and best Monarch upon earth.

And the Representatives of the colony of the Massachusetts-Bay, as in duty bound, shall ever pray.

In their name, and by their order,

Signed by the SPEAKER.

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## WILLIAMSBURG, *October* 5.

The ship Rae Galley, and the brigantine Lilly, both from Antigua, and seized by the Collector of this district, for not entering sundry slaves imported in them, are both condemned at a court of Vice Admiralty held here this day.

Yesterday PEYTON RANDOLPH, Esq; our worthy Representative, gave a genteel dinner, at the RALEIGH tavern, to the electors of this city, after which many loyal and patriotic toasts were drank, and the afternoon spent with cheerfulness and decorum.

We hear that some evil disposed and disorderly persons have lately killed, at sundry times, sixteen of the Delaware and Mingo Indians, on the frontiers of Augusta county; which the inhabitants fear will occasion an Indian war, especially as none of the guilty persons have yet been discovered.

ELECTIONS received since our last.

For Amherst, Mess. WILLIAM CABELL and CORNELIUS THOMAS.

For Brunswick, Mess. NATHANIEL EDWARDS and THOMAS STITH.

For Northumberland, Mess. SPENCER MOTTROM BALL and SAMUEL ESKRIDGE.

For Orange, Mess. JAMES WALKER and THOMAS BARBER.

*Mr.* RIND,

*By allowing the following lines a place in your Gazette, you will oblige a number of your customers.*

THE conduct of the late House of Burgesses of Virginia, in their meeting in May last, and especially their loyal address to his Majesty, the spirited resolves and association they so unanimously entered into, and which have done them so much honor, must have endeared them to every wellwisher to this colony. For our parts we beg leave, in this manner, to return our thanks to the Honourable Speaker, and the House in general, and to Mr. James Mercer, and Col. Abraham Hite, our late Representatives, in particular. As a proof how agreeable their concurrence in such salutary measures is to us, we have again elected them without opposition, and have no doubt but they will continue to deserve our esteem and confidence, by persevering in the same steps, and supporting, with loyal firmness, whatever may tend to secure liberty and happiness to the colonies, and conciliate and promote harmony between us and our Mother country. We are, &c.

The Freeholders of Hampshire county.

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WILLIAMSBURG, *Oct.* 1, 1769.

THE trustees of the debts and effects of *James Heart*, deceased, having found it impossible to make a final settlement of the affairs of that estate in a short time, have thought it most for the interest of all persons concerned, to dispose of the remainder of those debts and effects, at public sale, for the benefit of the creditors intitled thereto, under the deed of trust. This is therefore to give notice, that the same will be exposed to sale before Mr. *Hay*'s door, on the 28th of this month. Soon after this sale the last dividend will be made among the creditors.

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*Imported in the ship* MATTY, *from* London,

A CASK, marked W, No. 3, containing STOCK LOCKS, BOX IRONS, HEATERS, and sundry IRON WARE. Also two bundles of STEEL, marked WA in a diamond, without a number. As I suppose they belong to some cargo I have brought in, and wrong marked, any Gentleman missing such of his goods, by a line directed to Capt. *John Goodrich*, at *Portsmouth*, or to me at the same place, shall have them sent by the first opportunity. WILLIAM FOX.

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*To be* SOLD, *pursuant to a decree of the Court of Vice-Admiralty, at* MARTIN'S BRANDON, *on* Tuesday *the* 17*th instant*;

THE ship RAE GALLEY, and brigantine LILLY, as they now lie at their moorings, for ready money.

2 JOHN TYLER, MARSHAL.

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DUMFRIES, *Sept.* 26, 1769.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, for dealings preceding the 8th day of *April* last, are desired to pay their respective balances to Mr. *William Carr*, merchant, of this place, who has a proper power of attorney from me for that purpose. And those Gentlemen that have demands against me, are requested to furnish Mr. *Carr*, or me, with the amount this *October* court. 2 RICHARD GRAHAM.

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*To be* SOLD *at public vendue, for ready money, or good bills of exchange, at* York *town, on* Thursday *the* 26*th instant, for the benefit of the insurers or owners,*

THE rigging, sails, anchors, cables, and other materials, belonging to the ship *Betsey*, of *Liverpool*, lately stranded below *York*. Likewise a quantity of turpentine, pig iron, staves, handspikes, and stock locks, with about eight tons of hemp, and forty-three hogsheads of tobacco, undamaged; the proprietors of which, if they choose, at the day of sale, to claim their property, may have them on paying salvage, in proportion. The above ship, stores, and goods, will be appraised on *Tuesday* next, at which time the damaged tobacco landed out of the ship will be sold, as it is a perishing article.

*October* 1, 1769. GEORGE BANKS.

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A LIST of relanded TOBACCO remaining in *Hobb's Hole* warehouses, which has been there above the time specified by law.

NC in a square, 364, 1032, 100, warehouse mark POMP. C 109, 1085, 105, warehouse mark POMP. NC 326, 1050, 112, warehouse mark PAWD. NC 180, 996, 113, no weight on this hogshead. NC 328, 1029, 114, warehouse mark PAWD. NC 324, 983, 98, warehouse mark PAWD. NC 323, 1024, 114, warehouse mark PAWD. NC in a square, 230, 1109, 105, warehouse mark POMP. NCC 327, 906, 109, mark PAWD. NC in a square, 110, 1106, 105, warehouse mark POMP.

JOHN RENNOLDS, WILLIAM EDMONDSON, } Inspectors.

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THREE POUNDS reward, and FIVE if taken out of the colony.

RUN away from the plantation of *William Fitzhugh*, Esq; in *King George*, the 17th of *September* last, *Hanover*, a Negro man slave, by some called *William Hanover*, about five feet eleven inches high, and forty years old. He had a variety of cloaths, particularly a kersey surtout coat, with flat metal buttons on the breast, by trade a good house carpenter and joiner, and is well acquainted in most parts of *Virginia*. I expect he is in *Lancaster* county, at a plantation of *Mr. Burgis Ball's*, where his wife has been lately removed. It is supposed he went down *Rappahannock* river in some vessel, by the quantity of bed and wearing cloaths he carried with him. I hope all masters of vessels will take care such a fellow shall not be carried out of the country. Whoever will deliver him to me in *Caroline*, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

4 WALKER TALIAFERRO.

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TAKEN up in *Caroline* county, near *Chesterfield*, a small bay mare, branded on the near buttock IW in a piece. Also a small mealy bay mare, with some small white spots on her rump, and branded on the off buttock I. They are posted and appraised, the first to 25s. and the last to 40s.

WILLIAM HEWLETT.

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TAKEN up in *Cumberland* county, on *Muddy Creek*, a bay mare about 4 feet 5 inches high, paces flow, and branded on the near buttock W; she has a small star in her forehead, and appears to be very old. She is appraised to 40s.

DANIEL HARRIS.

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TAKEN up in *Cumberland* county, on *Muddy Creek*, a black mare, and a sorrel mare colt; the mare is about 8 years old, with some saddle spots on her back, has a small bell tied on with a rope, and is about 4 feet 6 inches high; her mane hangs the off side, has a switch tail, trots, and has a small white spot on her near buttock. The colt was foaled this spring, has a long star in her forehead, and its left hind foot is white. They are appraised to 8l. EDWARD WOTTON.

TAKEN up near *Cumberland* court-house, a white horse about 4 feet 7 inches high, with a bob tail and hanging mane, no brand perceivable, and is about 10 years old.

BARTHOLOMEW STOVAL, jun.

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TAKEN up in *Cumberland* county, near *Clement's Mill*, a sorrel mare, with many white spots about her, and a star in her forehead; she is branded on the near buttock S, about 4 feet 6 inches high, and appears to be very old. Appraised to 5l.

ARCHELAUS NUNNERY.

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TAKEN up in *Cumberland* county, near the head of *Deep Creek*, a large brindled cow that appears to be very old, marked with a crop on the left ear, and a small piece is taken from the under part of the right ear. Appraised to 30s.

CREED HASKINS.

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TAKEN up in *Cumberland* county, on *Willis's Creek*, a well set sorrel horse, about 10 years old, 4 feet 6 inches high, but has no brand as can be discovered; his mane and tail are white, has a star in his forehead, and has on a small bell, with a leather collar, and a large buckle. Appraised to 8l.

OBADIAH RANALS.

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WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 23, 1769.

WHEREAS the under-mentioned indented servants ran away from the snow FORTUNE, Capt. WILLIAM ROWNTREE, lately wrecked in *Chesapeak* bay, and have dispersed themselves in various parts of the country: Whoever apprehends and brings them to Mr. *Mitchell's*, at the sign of the *Swan*, in *York*, or to Mr. *George Brown*, in *Kingston* parish, shall receive a reward of TWENTY SHILLINGS for each, and reasonable allowance for their trouble.

Their names are as follow:

James Durrant, shipwright. Thomas Giles, carpenter. Mary Giles. Thomas Ruff, carpenter. Edward Lawrence, plaisterer. William Clerk, surgeon. James Hitchings, sailor. John Thomas, farmer. George Ellas, carver. William Saunders, farmer. Thomas Ratchford, drawer. Thomas Neal, stocking weaver. Ambrose Wilmott, drawer. Robert Wigginton, turner. Margaret Wigginton. James Foster, weaver. Richard Crap, tailor. John Davies, wheelwright. Elizabeth Hays. Mary Webb, mantua-maker.

*** The men are chiefly dress'd in sailor's habits.

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WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 28, 1769.

*Just imported in the* Matty, *Capt.* Fox, *from* London,

A CHOICE collection of the most fashionable PAPER HANGINGS, for rooms, cielings, stair-cases, &c. &c. As the subscribers have them immediately from the best manufactory in *London*, the public may depend on having them twenty *per cent.* cheaper than any have hitherto been sold in this place, for ready money, or on short credit.

KIDD & KENDALL.

AT the LEAD MANUFACTORY, behind the church, may be had all sorts of sheet lead, pipes for conveying water from the tops of houses, cisterns, milkpans (which will keep milk cool in the height of summer) and every other article in the PLUMBING business performed in the neatest manner, by

KIDD & KENDALL.

††† Likewise STILL-WORMS made and mended. GILDING, PAINTING, GLAZING, &c. as usual.

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LOST in a pilot boat, in coming from *Hampton* to *Burwell's* ferry, a Lady's laced cap with long lappets. Also a double china coffee-pot, without the cover, and two chocolate cups with handles, of the same pattern as the pot. Whoever will give information of them, so as they may be got again, shall have, for the cap, one guinea and a half, and for the china, half a guinea reward, paid by

PETER MOYER,
3§ Baker, in *Williamsburg*.

---

NORFOLK, *Sept.* 20, 1769.

THE old and well established PACKET, continues to go from *Norfolk* to *Williamsburg*, on *Wednesdays*, and return on *Saturdays*, as usual. I have ever been careful to keep the BOATS in the best order, as well as to provide the best masters for them; and as there have been few or no complaints for these seven years that the PACKET hath been kept by me, I am in hopes that general satisfaction has been given: Neither has there been any charge on GOODS recommended to my care for STORAGE. There are few boats, if any, better calculated for the purpose of packeting—the extraordinary new FRIENDSHIP, *alias* REVENGE, not excepted.

I am much obliged to the public for their former favours, and am in hopes to merit a continuance of them.

DANIEL HUTCHINGS.

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CHAPPAWAMSICK, *Sept.* 11, 1769.

*In order to pay the subscriber's debts, will be* SOLD, *to the highest bidder, on* Monday *the* 27*th day of* November *next, at the subscriber's quarter, called* Hollingsworth, *near* Leesburg, *in* Loudoun *county,*

Sixty-seven SLAVES,

CONSISTING of MEN, WOMEN, and CHILDREN, and large flocks of cattle, horses, mares, and colts, some of the latter of which are blooded; the sale to continue till all are sold. And on *Monday* the 4th day of *December* following, will be SOLD, for ready money, at the subscriber's dwelling plantation in *Stafford* county, Thirty-eight SLAVES, amongst which are some very valuable tradesmen and house servants; as these slaves have been chiefly my own purchase, they are in general very likely. At the above places will be rented, for a term not to exceed fourteen years, seven thousand acres of very valuable LAND, to be laid off in lots of one hundred acres each, in such a manner that twenty of the lots will have good improvements on them for cropping immediately; and two years rent free will be allowed for those unimproved. Had I shewn as little indulgence to my debtors, as some of my creditors have shewn me, this advertisement had never appeared. If those indebted to me, will now act with common humanity, by paying me in their respective balances, which are too trifling to put them to any inconvenience to pay, but when added together will amount to near double what I owe, the above sale will yet be prevented. If it should, I shall most thankfully acknowledge the favour, and countermand this advertisement by another. But if no such advertisement appears, the public may depend upon the sales proceeding, for, however injurious it may be to me to break up my plantations, after settling them at so great an expence as I have done, and at a time when they are just beginning to be profitable, yet even this inconvenience is not equal to that of being damned for money I cannot pay; a distress, in my opinion, less tolerable than any other evil whatever.

THOMSON MASON.

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SEPTEMBER 20, 1769.

*By order of* Dinwiddie *court, the building of a new* WOOD PRISON *for confinement of debtors,*

WILL be LET to the lowest bidder, at the court house of the said county, on the third *Monday* in next month. Every person who inclines to become the undertaker, is desired to prepare a plan; and at the time of letting the commissioners will make choice of that they think most likely to answer the above mentioned purpose. The money will be paid in *September* or *October* 1770, at farthest.

---

COMMITTED to *Norfolk* borough gaol, a short well set middle aged Negro man named JOHN BAPTIST, but does not own that he has any master; he had on when taken up, an oznabrigs frock, a white linen shirt, and oznabrigs trowsers.

JOSEPH CALVERT.

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HANOVER Town, *Sept.* 14, 1769.

THE subscriber intending to leave the colony early in the ensuing spring, gives this timeous notice, that all persons indebted to Messr. *Cochrane, Donald*, and company, may come and settle their accounts with him betwixt and the first of *January* next, his residence in the colony after that time being very uncertain. As the accounts are now long due, he expects every person will give bonds for their respective balances, and security if required. Some disputes having arisen after Mr. *M'Donall* left the country, owing to those indebted neglecting to settle with him, it is now expected every person concerned will pay proper regard to this advertisement, as no discounts will afterwards be allowed. The outstanding debts, at my departure, will be delivered over to Mr. *John Johnson*, who is properly authorized to settle and collect the same. tf. A. DONALD.

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WESTMORELAND county, *Sept.* 5, 1769.

COMMITTED to the gaol of the said county, a Negro man named JACK, late the property of and sold by Mr. *John Sinclair*, merchant, in *Northumberland* county, to one —— *Ball*, of *North-Carolina*. He refuses to tell who is his present master, having named sundry persons, who deny any property in him. His master may have him on proving his property, and paying charges.

JAMES BLAIR, Sheriff.

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GOOCHLAND, *Sept.* 13, 1769.

IN answer to *John Aylett's* piece in *Purdie's* paper of the 29th of *July* last, I think with better grace (I say I am astonished) than he could, being conscious of his own guilt, in which piece he undertook not only to degrade me, but others shared the same unjust fate. Now I find he will not be satisfied with good usage, let him take what follows. I openly charge him with being a cheat and common liar, and can prove him so by sundry Gentlemen. I have commenced a suit in the Court of Hustings against *Benjamin Harrison*, Esq; in order to recover the Negro boy I very fairly purchased of *John Aylett*, and shall summon *N. W. Dandridge*, Esq; Capt. *Christopher James*, Mr. *Harry Robinson*, and Mr. *George Clough*, to prove my title to the boy in dispute; the three first mentioned of those Gentlemen have no connexion with this bargain, nor has Mr. *Clough*, only that I am to pay to him twenty odd pounds, which *John Aylett* owed him; I have given my bond to Mr. *Clough* for that money, and must pay if I do not get my Negro, so that Mr. *Clough* is not concerned in the event of this cause.

This man, *John Aylett*, sprung from a good family, by whom I have been genteely treated, and out of regard to them worthy Gentlemen, his relations, I would have been very tender of him, had he not published his last piece. The General Court writ Mr. *Aylett* speaks of has not been served on me, nor do I believe it has been ordered, though now he may think he has better cause of action against me than before.

THOMAS UNDERWOOD.

*N. B.* I desire Col. *Nat. Harrison*, if he thinks my letters or accounts prove any thing to my disadvantage, to publish them.

---

AUGUST 30, 1769.

RUN away last night from the subscriber, living at *Culpeper* court-house, a convict servant named JAMES PENTICOST, of a middle stature, much pitted with the small-pox, and has remarkable bandy shins, occasioned by having both legs broke, wears his own hair which curls well, and is of a browniss colour; his apparel I cannot easily describe, he having of his own and stole, sundry cloaths, but his usual dress is a black broad cloth coat and waistcoat, and a pair of leather breeches; both white and brown linen shirts, and wears leather boots in order to hide his legs. He persuaded away with him a Negro boy named FRANK, about 13 years old, well set, and dressed in the usual way of servants, and is a very sensible artful boy. They took with them a grey gelding about 14 hands high, branded on the near buttock with a diamond, though not very plain, and on the near shoulder with a woman's stirrup iron; has a bob tail and hanging mane, paces and gallops well, and in good order. Also a grey mare, six years old, 13 hands and a half high, branded on the near buttock with a woman's stirrup iron, in pretty good order, has a sprig tail and hanging mane, trots and gallops. I expect they have made for *Charles Town*, or *Philadelphia*, in order to take shipping, and imagine they will, as soon as convenient, alter their dress, and probably change their horses, that they may not be apprehended. The servant has about eleven pounds *Virginia* currency, and two bank notes for ten pounds each, which he brought in with him, in the ship *Neptune*, in 1768. Whoever apprehends them, and secures them so that I get them again, shall have TEN POUNDS reward.

RICHARD JOHNSTON.

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NORFOLK, *Sept.* 20, 1769.

COMMITTED to *Norfolk* borough gaol, a middle aged new Negro man, who says he run away from a ship, but does not know the captain's name. The owner is desired to send for him, and pay the charges.

3 JOSEPH CALVERT.

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TAKEN up in *Goochland*, a sorrel mare colt, with a blaze face, about two years old this spring, but neither docked nor branded. The owner may have her on proving his property.

MAJOR POWERS.

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WILLIAMSBURG, *Sept.* 14, 1769.

WANTED, *to buy or to hire,*

AN orderly Negro or Mulatto man, who can play well on the violin. Whoever has such a one may have good wages, or a good price, and ready money, if to be sold. Enquire of the Printer, or apply to

WILLIAM PEARSON.

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HAMPTON, *August* 25, 1769.

*To be* SOLD, *on the stocks,*

A SCHOONER, now fully completed and ready for launching, burthen about seventy tons; her beams, carlings, and top timbers, of *Bermuda* cedar. Any person inclinable to purchase such a vessel, may at any time see her, and know the terms, by applying to

CARTER TARRANT.

PRINCESS-ANNE, *Sept.* 16, 1769.

COMMITTED to the gaol of this county, a Negro fellow who says his name is JEMMY, and that he is the property of one *Henry Delony*, who lives in the county of *Mecklenburg*. He appears to be about 21 years of age, is of a yellow complexion, and is about 5 feet 8 inches high. The owner may have him on proving his property, and paying the charges to

3 FREDERICK BOUSH, D. Sheriff.

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*To be* SOLD, *for ready money, at* Dinwiddie *court-house, on* Monday *the 16th of* October *next, it being court day,*

Ten likely *Virginia* born

SLAVES,

Consisting of Men, Women, Boys and Girls, the ages of which will all be above twelve, and none will exceed twenty-five years.

HENRY B. LIGHTFOOT.

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TO be SOLD, at the *Rocky Ridge*, on the 12th day of *October*, above forty-five NEGROES, most of them are *Virginia* born.

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AUGUST 30, 1769.

BROKE out of *Winchester* gaol, the 18th instant, a Negro fellow named CHARLES, about 30 years of age, five feet three inches high, well made, and pitted with the small-pox; he has an impediment in his speech, and it is probable he may be with one *Shepherd*, a great villain, that broke gaol with him, who said that he intended to take him to *Carolina*, and sell him. Any person that will convey the said Negro to the subscriber, living in *Anne Arundel* county, *Maryland*, near the *Elk Ridge* landing, shall receive TEN POUNDS reward, paid by

4 JOHN CROMWELL.

---

*To be* SOLD *to the highest bidder, at the town of* Dumfries, *in* Prince William *county, on* Thursday *the 16th day of* November *next,*

THE BRENTON Tract of LAND, containing about 7000 acres, in parcels, as will be then thought best for the purposes expressed in a deed of trust from Messrs. *George Brent* and *Robert Brent* to the first three subscribers, and from Mr. *George Brent* to the other subscribers. The sale being now jointly advertised by all the trustees, who will join in the deeds, those inclinable to purchase may be assured of meeting with no disappointment. Time of payment will be given for part of the money.

WILLIAM BRENT, DANIEL CARROLL, HENRY ROZIER. } TRUSTEES.

HECTOR ROSS, JOHN GIBSON, WILLIAM CARR. } TRUSTEES for the creditors of Mr. *Robert Brent*.

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SHOCKOE, *August* 26, 1769.

*We have just arrived in the* LORD CLIVE,

A NEAT assortment of *fall goods*, consisting of BROAD CLOTHS, DUFFILS, BEARSKINS, BATH COATING, with suitable TRIMMINGS; also DUTCH and BED BLANKETS, KERSEYS, COTTONS, and HALF-THICKS, which we will sell on reasonable terms, for ready money or short credit.

tf. STORRS & ELLIS.

---

MARYLAND, *August* 17, 1769.

THE subscriber, who has been regularly bred to the practice of PHYSIC and SURGERY, gives this public notice, that he begins to inoculate on the 15th of *September* next, at his house, which stands about the distance of one half mile from *Baltimore* town, on a healthy situation, with an agreeable prospect. The price as before; two pistoles for inoculation, and twenty shillings per week for board. As the sickness is so trifling, and the confinement none, the expence need not exceed five pounds sixteen, to six pounds fourteen shillings, current money, and may be inoculated with safety in any month, except *July* and *August*.

I shall be obliged to those who will favour me with their custom; they may depend on being carefully, tenderly, and judiciously dealt with. I flatter myself I have inoculated as many, and with as much success, as any man on the continent. Those who intend coming, are desired not to alter their diet, or use any kind of preparation beforehand, as it is rather prejudicial than otherwise.

HENRY STEVENSON.

---

WILLIMSBURG, Sept. 21, 1769.

I INTEND to leave the colony soon.

WILLIAM BIERS.

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FREDERICKSBURG, *Sept.* 6, 1769.

THE *Fredericksburg* CHURCH LOTTERY is prepared for drawing at the *October* fair next. The Gentlemen who had TICKETS to dispose of, and on credit, are requested to return, or pay for them immediately.

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*To be* SOLD *at public auction, on* Tuesday *the twenty-first of* November *next,*

A VALUABLE tract of LAND, in *Cople* parish, *Westmoreland* county, containing four hundred and ten acres, equal in quality to any land in the *Northern Neck*, lying perfectly level through the whole, and loaded with timber. It is convenient to church and several good mills, as also to *Potowmack* river, where a quantity of fish and oysters may be had with very little trouble. An indisputable title will be made the purchaser, by

SAMUEL WASHINGTON.

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BEING possessed of an over proportion of lands, with slaves, and in want of money to prosecute my trade with more credit and reputation than at present I am capable of doing I therefore propose selling the following tracts, viz. in *Mecklenburg* county one of 490, and another of 375 acres, both high ground, excellent soil for tobacco, and improved sufficient for five hands each. In *Charlotte* county one of 800, a second of 655, and a third of 400 acres; the first chiefly high ground, with a large plantation, and a sufficient number of convenient houses, in good order for seven or eight hands, and in quality equal to the *Finny* wood land, so universally remarkable for tobacco; the second upon the river *Roanoke*, both high and low grounds, each kind exceeding fine, and improved with fresh cleared ground, under good fences, sufficient for six hands; barns, &c. new and in good order, sufficient for the same number of hands also; and the third upon a large creek, which affords low grounds about one quarter of the tract, the other three quarters high lands, and both in general very fine, has no improvements, except a small house and plantation newly made.

Any person inclinable to purchase all, or either of the aforesaid lands, may be shewn the same, and know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, upon *Finny Wood*, in *Charlotte* county.

MATTHEW MARABLE.

---

*June* 4, 1769.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber, on *Tuesday* the 16th of last month, two likely chair horses; the one a middle, and the other a bright bay. The middle bay is near 14 hands and a half high; the bright bay about 14 hands and an inch. One of them is branded on the near buttock, but the mark I do not remember. They have ridge manes and bob tails, were lately the property of Mr. *Jesse Ball* of *Lancaster*, and I imagine may be gone that way, if they are not stolen. Whoever will bring these horses to me, at *Falmouth*, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS, or TWENTY SHILLINGS to inform me where they are, so that I may get them again; and as I am apprehensive they may be stolen, I will give TEN POUNDS to any person who will secure and convict the thief.

GAVIN LAWSON.

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## TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber's plantation, in *Loudoun* county, from JAMES WHALEY, overseer, TOM, a Negro Man slave, by some called *Tom Salter*, of a middle size, and well made for strength, about 38 years old, he has bad teeth, and many small pimples about his beard; he can read, and play on the fiddle, and had a variety of cloaths; but his common working dress, was died brown cotton; he managed several years as an overseer for me, under Capt. *Robert Downman*, at a plantation of mine on *Morattico* creek, in *Richmond* county, where he always lived until lately; he is a dissembling artful fellow, and generally smiles when he speaks. I suspect he is lurking about a plantation belonging to *Charles Carter*, Esq; in *Hanover* county, at or near *South Wales*, where he has a wife named *Sebra*, and perhaps at times about his old haunts at *Morattico*. Whoever will deliver him to me, in *Prince William* county, shall receive the above reward; or if they will secure him in any of his Majesty's gaols, so that I may get him again, Five Pounds; and if he is taken out of the colony, and brought home to me, Twenty Pounds current money reward, paid by

HENRY LEE.

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TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 7000 acres of LAND in *Brunswick*, within 40 miles of *Petersburg*. Also about 1600 acres in the county of *Mecklenburg*, within 60 miles of *Petersburg*. There are several plantations on these tracts, and great part of the soil is exceeding good. For terms apply to tf. R. RUFFIN.

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*A* SCHEME *of a* LOTTERY,

*to consist of the* PRIZES *hereinafter mentioned:*

THE PRIZES to be valued by the MANAGERS, or the major part of them; and, if they think them not worth the money they are rated at in this SCHEME, the fortunate adventurers are to receive the deficiency in money, so that there cannot be any imposition on the adventurers. The MANAGERS are, *Thomson Mason*, and *Thomas Ludwell Lee*, of *Stafford*; *Henry Lee*, *Foushee Tebbs*, *Thomas Blackburn*, *Thomas Montgomerie*, *William Ellzey*, *Cuthbert Bullitt*, and *William Grayson*, of *Prince William*; and *Thomas Harrison*, and *James Scott*, of *Fauquier*, Esquires.

The LOTTERY to be drawn in the town of *Dumfries*, on the third *Monday* in *November* next, or sooner, if the TICKETS should be sold, of which notice shall be published in the VIRGINIA GAZETTE. Those whom it may not suit to pay the whole money down for their TICKETS, will be allowed twelve months credit for one half the money, upon giving bond and security to pay the same, with interest, from the time the said LOTTERY is drawn.

| Prizes. | Value. | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 of | 1500 *l.* | Consisting of a double geared grist mill, with two pair of stones, bolting cloths and hoisting gears, with a logg'd dam of good hewed white oak, well filled in with stone, which no fresh can carry away: The said mill was built six years ago, and is to be immediately repaired, and delivered in good order, with a general warranty to the fortunate adventurer; together with seventeen acres of land, adjoining the said mill, the greatest part of which is level; the mill and land within half a mile of the town of *Dumfries*; and boats come from *Maryland* with grain to a landing about a quarter of a mile from the said mill, which is built on as good a stream as any between *Rappahannock* and *Occoquan*, and is convenient to the back country, where a large quantity of wheat may be purchased, to manufacture into flour or bread; and the said mill is within five miles of a very good harbour, where several ships are annually loaded, and want bread, - - - | *l.* 1500 |
| 20 of | 20 | Consisting of 20 lots, in the said town of *Dumfries*, all near the court-house; some of which are on good landings: Several lots have been sold, from 35 to 40*l.* each, which are not better situated than those included in this scheme, - - | 400 |
| 1 of | 80 | A Negro blacksmith, named *Jack*, about 40 years of age, - - | 80 |
| 1 of | 60 | A Negro man, named *Andrew*, a very handy fellow, a good butcher, and tolerable gardener, about 30 years of age, - - | 60 |
| 1 of | 30 | A grey mare, three quarters blooded, six years old, upwards of fourteen hands high; 35*l.* has been refused for her. She is now with foal by a very fine horse, - - | 30 |
| 1 of | 25 | A sorrel mare, half blooded, of the same age; handsome, and with foal by the same horse, - | 25 |
| 66 of | 10 | To be paid in cash, - | 660 |
| | | The last drawn ticket to be in cash, - - - | 50 |

91 PRIZES.
470 BLANKS.

561 TICKETS, at 5*l.* each, is - - *l.*2805

*** TICKETS to be had of the MANAGERS, and of the subscriber.

JOHN GRAHAM.

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*WILLIAMSBURG:* Printed by WILLIAM RIND, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, on the Main-Street. All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s* per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inserted for 3*s*. the First Week, and 2*s*. each Time after: And long ones in Proportion.